

In this issue of the *Annals of Family Medicine*

Capacity to Address Social Needs and Clinician Burnout 487

Clinic capacity to address patients' social needs mitigates primary care clinician burnout symptoms through multiple pathways.

Caring for Socially Complex Patients in an Ambulatory Intensive Care Unit 495

Social/behavioral factors and health system inflexibility create barriers to care for high-need high-cost patients, according to care teams.

Family Physician Burnout and Practice Organization 502

Burnout is predicted by stressors in the practice environment but not by practice type or ownership.

Practice Organization Characteristics and Job Satisfaction in 11 Countries 510

Causes of primary care physician job dissatisfaction, as well as possible solutions, are similar across 11 countries.

Effectiveness of Community-Link Practitioners in Areas of High Socioeconomic Deprivation 518

A social prescribing initiative in deprived areas, designed to improve patients' well-being and quality of life, did not prove effective overall.

Ecology of Medical Care Before and After the Affordable Care Act: Trends From 2002-2016 526

Americans' use of primary care physicians continued to decrease after implementation of the Affordable Care Act.

Trends in Primary Care Visit Use and Practice Capabilities 538

In recent years per capita primary care visits have decreased, but visits were longer, addressed more issues, and more medications were prescribed.

Blue Light Therapy for Acne Vulgaris: A Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis 545

Conclusions about the effectiveness of blue light therapy for acne are limited, due to limitations of existing evidence.

A Practical Approach to Recording Unstructured Field Observations 554

A template of content, context, and concepts provides a practical approach to collecting and recording observational data.