

In this issue of the *Annals of Family Medicine*

Oral Care in Primary Diabetes Care 197

Extra attention to oral health in primary diabetes care can improve quality of life of patients with type-2 diabetes mellitus.

Clinical Quality Measure Exchange is Not Easy 207

Despite widespread health information technology adoption and federal meaningful use policies, the US falls short of making clinical quality reporting a reliable by-product of care.

Fluoroquinolones & Achilles Tendon Rupture 212

Third-generation fluoroquinolone use was not associated with an increase in Achilles tendon rupture and may be an option for patients who can be expected to reduce rupture risk.

Scope of Practice Drivers 217

Understanding the factors that influence scope of practice can inform interventions that create desirable jobs for family physicians and improve the ability to meet changing population needs.

Multidisciplinary Pain & Addiction Management 224

The needs of primary care clinicians taking care of patients with pain and addiction are discussed. Clinics should support primary care clinicians in caring for this complex population.

Reducing Expectations for Antibiotics 232

Patients' expectations for antibiotic treatment can be significantly reduced through the use of a brief tablet-based intervention in the family practice waiting room.

Improving Cardiovascular Outcomes 240

A mixed methods study shows that achieving meaningful quality improvement gains in CMS smoking cessation and blood

pressure in primary care requires matching the appropriate improvement approach.

Change Culture and Cesarean Deliveries 249

A study examines culture and context at hospitals that successfully reduced their cesarean delivery rates.

Shared Appointments 258

A shared medical appointment can be more successful than usual care in helping prediabetic patients make lasting lifestyle changes that prevent or postpone progression to diabetes through sustained weight loss and HbA_{1c} reduction.

Treatment of Depression 262

The combination of psychotherapy & pharmacotherapy is more effective than either of them alone in treatment of depression.

The Patient-Clinician Relationship 271

A medical student realizes her training didn't teach her how to manage meaningful, emotionally complex connections she might form with patients during longitudinal rotations.

A Thoughtful Rebirth of Health Care 274

The COVID-19 pandemic presents an opportunity to make sure that health care is person-centered, encompasses all modifiable health determinants, and helps individuals achieve health rather than primarily manage disease.

Health of Nonprofessional Health Workers 277

Nonprofessional health mediators were recruited from disadvantaged and rural Roma Hungarian communities to contribute to primary care teams. Cross-sectional health surveys found that the health of the community workers improved over time, with significant improvements in stress and smoking cessation.